Homework 8, due 4/17

Only your four best solutions will count towards your grade.

- 1. Let $E \to X$ be a complex vector bundle, with a Hermitian metric h, and let ∇ be a connection on E. We can view h as a section of the bundle $E^* \otimes \overline{E}^*$ (or equivalently as a bilinear map $E \times \overline{E} \to \mathbf{C}$), and ∇ induces a natural connection on this bundle. Show that ∇ is compatible with h if and only if $\nabla h = 0$.
- 2. Let $L \to X$ be a complex line bundle over X, with a connection ∇ . Then the curvature F_{∇} is a (complex valued) closed 2-form on X. Show that every closed 2-form cohomologous to F_{∇} is the curvature of a connection on L.
- 3. Let $(L, h) \to X$ be a Hermitian line bundle, and ∇ a Hermitian connection on it. Show that the curvature F_{∇} is a purely imaginary 2-form.
- 4. Show that the map

$$\nabla^2 : \mathcal{A}^k(E) \to \mathcal{A}^{k+2}(E)$$

is given by F_{∇} , acting on the form part by the exterior product, and on the *E* part through its endomorphism component. I.e. if locally $F_{\nabla} = \sum_{i,j} F_{ij} dx^i \wedge dx^j$ for endomorphisms F_{ij} , and $\alpha \otimes s$ is a section of $\mathcal{A}^k(E)$, where α is a *k*-form and *s* a section of *E*, then

$$\nabla^2 s = \sum_{i,j} dx^i \wedge dx^j \wedge \alpha \otimes F_{ij}(s).$$

5. Let X be a compact complex manifold and $D \subset X$ a codimension-one complex submanifold. Define the line bundle L as in Problem 2 from homework set 5 (usually denoted by $\mathcal{O}(D)$), and let s be a global holomorphic section of L whose zero set is D. Choose a Hermitian metric hon L, let ∇ be the Chern connection, and F_{∇} its curvature. Show that for any closed form α we have

$$\int_X F_{\nabla} \wedge \alpha = \lim_{\epsilon \to 0} \int_{\partial D_{\epsilon}} \partial \log |s|_h^2 \wedge \alpha,$$

where $D_{\epsilon} = \{x : |s(x)|_h < \epsilon\}$ is a small neighborhood of D, and $|s|_h^2 = h(s,s)$.

6. With the same notation as in the previous question, show that

$$\frac{\sqrt{-1}}{2\pi}\int_X F_\nabla \wedge \alpha = \int_D \alpha,$$

i.e. the first Chern class $c_1(L)$ represents the Poincaré dual of D.